FOOD & PET SENSITIVITY

ANALYSIS + REPORT



















YOUR RESULTS SUMMARY

HOMEDNA™ FOOD & PET SENSITIVITY

Your DNA report reveals how your genes may make you more sensitive to common irritants, including: gluten (wheat), egg, lactose (dairy), cow milk protein (casein or whey), peanuts, pet dander, and more. Your results contain information only from your genes and do not include environmental factors that may cause or aggravate symptoms. This analysis and report are based on scientific studies and publications. For more details about the information contained in your report, we invite you to visit the links in the **Supporting Science** section.

Note: This is not an allergy test. To diagnose allergies, consult your medical practitioner.

This report is being provided for educational and informational purposes only.

CATEGORY	GENES TESTED	SENSITIVITY	PAGES
FOOD SENSITIVITIES			
Gluten	HLADQ2.5, HLA-DQ8, HLA DQ2.2/2.5, HLA DQ 2.2	More Sensitive	3-5
Lactose	MCM6, DAO (diamine oxidase)	Less Sensitive	6
Cow Milk Protein	IL-10 (A-1082G), HLA-DQ7	Less Sensitive	7
Egg	SERPINB7	+ More Sensitive	8-9
Peanut	HLA-DQ region, FLG, C11orf30	Less Sensitive	10
Other Foods	FLG, IL4, SERPINB7, IL-10 (C-627A), STAT 6, HLA-DR region, HLA-DRB1 (DR7), C11orf30	More Sensitive	11-13
PET SENSITIVITIES			
Pet Dander	HLA-DQ region	Less Sensitive	14
HISTAMINE SENSITIVITIES			
Histamine	DAO (diamine oxidase), HNMT (histamine N-methyltransferase)	More Sensitive	15-17

This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease. Results are based on your genetics and not other factors such as general health, environment, or diet. The scoring methods used to determine your outcomes are based on correlation data collected by the provider.



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4/2/2	YOUR RESULTS			
	GENE TESTED	YOUR PROFILE	SENSITIVITY	
	HLADQ2.5 - rs2187668	тт		
	HLA-DQ8 - rs7454108	СС		
	HLA DQ2.2/2.5 - rs2858331	GA		
	HLA DQ 2.2 - rs2395182	GT		
	HLA DQ 2.2 - rs7775228	СС		
	HLA DQ 2.2 - rs4713586	del	MORE SENSITIVE	



CONCLUSION STATEMENT: People with genetic markers similar to yours may have a **higher risk of sensitivity** to gluten than other people.



ABOUT GLUTEN SENSITIVITY: Gluten is a protein in wheat, barley, and rye. Humans do not have the enzymes to break down gluten, leaving tiny particles of gluten in the digestive tract that may cause sensitivities for certain individuals.



COMMON SYMPTOMS: Symptoms of this sensitivity may include, but are not limited to:

· sleepiness after eating

· foul-smelling gas after certain meals

stomach upset

difficulty concentrating

▲ IMPORTANT: If you're experiencing symptoms, contact your medical practitioner for guidance



GLUTEN: WHAT YOU CAN DO





DIET TIPS

TIP	DETAILS
Try a gluten-free diet	Following a gluten-free diet (removing wheat, barley and rye products) has been shown to help people improve symptoms
Eat many nutrient-rich foods, including green vegetables and healthy fats (like olive oil and coconut oil)	Eating a Mediterranean-based diet (high in vegetables and olive oil/ lower in protein) has been found to be helpful for many individuals. Because many individuals with gluten sensitivity have difficulty absorbing important nutrients, it's important that you include these foods in your daily diet and use supplements as directed by your medical practitioner



LIFESTYLE TIPS

TIP	DETAILS
Read labels and ask about food preparation at restaurants	Many labels say "gluten-free," but the food may not come from an exclusively gluten-free preparation area or manufacturing plant



SUPPLEMENT TIPS

SUPPLEMENT	DOSE PER DAY	DETAILS
Iron	Men = 8 mg Women = 10 mg	If hemoglobin and ferritin levels are low, research suggests about 8 mg of iron for men and 10 mg of iron for women can help replenish iron stores. Consider taking ferrous glycinate, which is less constipating
Folate Supplement	400 mcg 800 mcg if pregnant	Research suggests taking the metabolized form of folate, called "methyl" on the label, because it's easier for the body to absorb and does a better job of increasing folate levels in red blood cells
Vitamin B12	500 mcg+	Look on the label for the words hydroxyl or methyl before the B12. These are the most effective types of B12 supplements. The amount of vitamin B12 you need depends of your age, your genes, and the amount of acid in your stomach, since low stomach acid lowers your ability to absorb B12
Vitamin D	3,000 IU	Consider taking 3000 IU per day of a vitamin D3 supplement, which should be enough for most people





SUPPLEMENT TIPS CONTINUED

SUPPLEMENT	DOSE PER DAY	DETAILS
Zinc	8-10 mg	Research suggests about 8-10 mg of zinc are adequate for maintaining whole body sufficiency. There are different types of zinc supplements: sulfate, citrate and picolinate. Citrate and picolinate are more easily absorbed. If you're taking a multivitamin, check how much zinc is included. Always take zinc with food to avoid an upset stomach
Magnesium	300-400 mg	Research suggests 300-400 mg of magnesium are needed to maintain body stores

Research has determined these supplements may be helpful to those experiencing sensitivity(ies) in this category. The above are suggestions only. Before taking any supplements or changing your existing regimen, please consult your medical practitioner.